

# Validly

Modern-day code modernization

# 70% of large companies run on legacy infrastructure

```
1 IDENTIFICATION DIVISION.  
2     PROGRAM-ID. ADD_NUMBERS.  
3     DATA DIVISION.  
4     FILE SECTION.  
5     WORKING-STORAGE SECTION.  
6     01 FIRST-NUMBER    PICTURE IS 99.  
7     01 SECOND-NUMBER  PICTURE IS 99.  
8     01 RESULT          PICTURE IS 9999.  
9     PROCEDURE DIVISION.  
10  
11     MAIN-PROCEDURE.  
12         DISPLAY "Here is the first Number "  
13         MOVE 8 TO FIRST-NUMBER  
14         DISPLAY FIRST-NUMBER  
15  
16         DISPLAY "Let's add 20 to that number."  
17         ADD 20 TO FIRST-NUMBER  
18         DISPLAY FIRST-NUMBER  
19  
20         DISPLAY "Create a second variable"  
21         MOVE 30 TO SECOND-NUMBER  
22         DISPLAY SECOND-NUMBER  
23  
24         *->COMMENT: COMPUTE THE TWO NUMBER AND PLACE INTO RESULT*  
25         COMPUTE RESULT = FIRST-NUMBER + SECOND-NUMBER.  
26  
27         DISPLAY "The result is:".  
28         DISPLAY RESULT.  
29     STOP RUN.  
30 END PROGRAM ADD_NUMBERS.  
31
```

# Companies spend billions modernizing



Yearly application  
modernization  
spend



Yearly application  
replatforming  
spend

# The modernization choice

Manual rewriting:

Costs \$2M+

Takes 6 - 16 months

Introduces bugs



# The modernization choice

```
// (46) 77 CPT-IN          PIC S9(7) COMP-3  VALUE ZERO.
Var cpt_In =
  declare.level(77).picS9(7).comp3().valueZero().var();

// (47) 77 CPT-OUT       PIC S9(7) COMP-3  VALUE ZERO.
Var cpt_Out =
  declare.level(77).picS9(7).comp3().valueZero().var();

// (49) 77 FIN-TRAIT     PIC X              VALUE SPACE.
Var fin_Trait =
  declare.level(77).picX(1).valueSpaces().var();

// (51) 01 SYS-TIME      PIC 9(8)          VALUE ZEROS.
Var sys_Time = declare.level(1).pic9(8).valueZero().var();

// (52) 01 FILLER REDEFINES SYS-TIME.
Var filler$1 = declare.level(1).redefines(sys_Time).filler();

// (53)          03 SYS-TIME1 PIC 9(7).
Var sys_Time1 = declare.level(3).pic9(7).var();

// (54)          03 SYS-TIME2 PIC 9.
Var sys_Time2 = declare.level(3).pic9(1).var();
```

Automatic transpilation:

Fast  
Cheap  
Correct

But unmaintainable

# The modernization choice

LLM-only rewrites:

Fast

Cheap

Maintainable

But introduces bugs  
and hallucinations

## Docstring

```
# similarity_filter.py
Hydrator for `Time` and `LocalTime` values.
:param nanoseconds:
:param tz:
:return: Time
```

## Ground-truth

```
def hydrate_time(nanoseconds, tz=None):
    from pytz import FixedOffset
    seconds, nanoseconds = map(int, divmod(nanoseconds, 1000000000))
    minutes, seconds = map(int, divmod(seconds, 60))
    hours, minutes = map(int, divmod(minutes, 60))
    t = Time(hours, minutes, seconds, nanoseconds)
    if tz is None:
        return t
```

```
tz_offset_minutes, tz_offset_seconds = divmod(tz, 60)
zone = FixedOffset(tz_offset_minutes)
return zone.localize(t)
```

Handle `LocalTime`  
in functional  
requirement 

## LLM Generation

```
def hydrate_time(nanoseconds, tz=None):
    from .time import Time
    return Time.from_nanoseconds(nanoseconds, tz)
```

Overlook  
`LocalTime` 

# Our solution: Automated refactoring that is provably valid

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Var sys_Time1 = declare.level(3).pic9(7).var();

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Var sys_Time2 = declare.level(3).pic9(1).var();
```



```
long counter = 0;

long result = 0;

String endMarker = " ";

unsigned long sysTime = 0;

unsigned long sysTime1() {
  return sys_Time / 10;
}

unsigned long sysTime2() {
  return sys_Time % 10;
}
```

# Our solution

## Step 1

LLM generates transforms

LLMs produce a large library of refactoring transforms, which can later be applied to any codebase we encounter.

## Step 2

Formally verify the transform

We formally verify the transform offline to ensure that it preserves the semantics of the original code.

## Step 3

Receive transpiled code

We receive code that has been transpiled into Java from another language using off-the-shelf transpilers.

## Step 4

LLM sequences the transforms

IBM Granite takes our list of formally verified transforms and sequences them in the right order to produce high-quality code, that's provably identical to the original.



# Long-term vision: Universal paradigm translator

There's nothing unique about Java or legacy languages like COBOL.

The underlying technology could allow us to produce highly-maintainable, provably valid translations from any language to any other language— automatically.



**Kerry  
Vaughan-Rowe**

YC W17  
PhD in philosophy



**Christopher  
Little-Savage**

Cambridge CS MEng  
10yrs startup experience



**Joe  
O'Connor**

Cambridge CS MEng  
Prev. Bloop (YC S21)

# Validly

Modern-day code modernization

# Revenue Opportunities

## Company-first

Target large companies that need to modernize.

Use partnerships to handle other aspects of modernization.

## Consultancy-first

Partner directly with consultancies that handle large-scale modernization.

We are responsible for only the code base.